







## Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust National Collaborative Commissioning: Quality and Delivery Framework Ambulance Quality Indicators: October 2018 - December 2018

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Produced by the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust Health Informatics Department commissioned by the Emergency Ambulance Services Committee in accordance with the National Collaborative Commissioning: Quality and Delivery Framework



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		EASC Ambulan	ce Quality Indicator Definition Table
No.	AQI Ref.	AQI Description	AQI Detailed Description
1	AQI1	Number of Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust community engagement events	How often are the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust engaging with the communities it serves and spreading health messages about self-care, choice and appropriate use of ambulance/health services?
3	AQI3	Number of attendances at key stakeholder events	How often is the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust meeting with stakeholders to discuss, agree and design services to meet clinical and service user expectation needs?
4	AQI4i	Number of NHS Direct Wales unique website visits	How often is the NHS Direct Wales website being used? This allows us to examine links between website use and 999 and 0845 call volumes. It also allows for the identification of high demand periods.
5	AQI4ii	NHS Direct Wales number of calls by reason (top 10)	What are people calling NHS Direct Wales about? How does this demand compare to website visits? What are the gaps in service that NHS Direct Wales are identifying?
6	AQI5	Number and Percentage of frequent callers	How many frequent callers are there and how often are they calling? What is the number of calls from frequent callers in the overall call volume?
8	AQI6	Number of Healthcare Professional Calls Answered	How many Healthcare professional calls for assistance does the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust receive?
9	AQI7	Number of 999 Calls Answered including median, 65th and 95th percentile of time to answer	How many 999 calls do the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust receive? How quickly are they answered?
10	AQI8	Number of 999 calls taken through the Medical Priority Dispatch System (MPDS)	How many 999 calls are assessed using the MPDS system? MPDS is the system that WAST call takers use to assess the severity of 999 calls.
11	AQI9i	Number of calls ended following WAST telephone assessment (Hear & Treat)	Number of NHSDW & Clinical Desk telephone assessments that were resolved with an ambulance not required as the outcome (Hear & Treat)
12	AQI9ii	Number and Percentage of calls transferred to NHS Direct Wales	How many 999 calls are, after assessment, being transferred to NHS Direct Wales?
13	AQI9iii	Number of calls returned from NHS Direct Wales	How often does NHS Direct Wales then return a call to the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust?
14	AQI9iv	Number of calls ended through transfer to alternative care advice	How often does NHS Direct Wales and the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust pass a call to another part of the NHS rather than sending an ambulance?
15	AQI10i	Number and Percentage of incidents received within 24 hours following WAST telephone assessment (Hear and Treat)	Unplanned re-contact with the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust within 24 hours of discharge of care (by clinical telephone advice).
16	AQI10ii	Number and Percentage of incidents within 24 hours following an attendance at scene that were not transported to hospital (See and Treat)	Unplanned re-contact with the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Truste within 24 hours of discharge of care (following treatment at the scene).
17	AQI11	Number of RED coded calls including median, 65th and 95th percentile	How many 999 calls received are coded as a RED verified incident resulting in an emergency response within 8 minutes.

AQ116ii cardiac arrest, documented as having a return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) at time of arrival of the patient to hospital. Recording of ROSC at hospital is the international Utstein standard and outcome of the pre-hospital response and intervention.  AQ116ii Number and percentage of suspected stroke patients who are documented as receiving appropriate stroke care bundle.  AQ116iii Number and percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle outcome of the pre-hospital response and intervention.  AQ116iv Number and percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle outcome of the patients with a suspected force of free microline patients with a suspected force of the patients of the patients with a suspected force of the patients of the patients of the patients with a suspected force of the patients of the patients with a suspected force of the patients with a suspected force of the patients of the patients with a suspected force of the patients				
AQ15 Number of responded incidents where at least 1 resource arrived at scene  Number of Community First Responders attendances at scene, including by call category and percentage of patients with attempted resuscitation following cardiac arrest, documented as having a return of spontance of the pre-hospital response and intervention.  AQ16 Number and percentage of suspected stroke patients who are documented as receiving appropriate care bundle.  AQ16 Number and percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle  AQ16 Number and percentage of 5T segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients who are documented as receiving appropriate care bundle  AQ16 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected bip fracture who are documented as receiving appropriate care bundle  AQ16 Number and percentage of patients with suspected bip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle  AQ16 Number and percentage of 5T segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients who are documented as receiving appropriate care bundle  AQ16 Number and percentage of suspected spesis patients who have had a documented NEWS score.  AQ16 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ16 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ16 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ17 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ18 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle	18	AQI12	Number of AMBER coded calls including median, 65th and 95th percentile	How many 999 calls received are coded as an AMBER verified incident resulting in an emergency response?
Number of Community First Responders attendances at scene, including by call category and percentage  AQI16 category and percentage of patients with attempted resuscitation following cardiac arrest, documented as having a return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) at time of arrival of the patient to hospital. Recording of ROSC at hospital is the international Ustern standard and outcome of the pre-hospital response and intervention.  AQI16 Number and percentage of suspected stroke patients who are documented as receiving apapropriate strake care bundle  AQI16 Number and percentage of oider patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle  AQI16 Number and percentage of ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEM) patients with a suspected for patients with a suspected spisis and documented as receiving apapropriate sTEM care bundle  AQI16 Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have a documented as receiving apapropriate STEM care bundle  AQI16 Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have a documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle  AQI16 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQI16 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion care bundle.  AQI16 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQI16 Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and bundle convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and bundle convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate	19	AQI13	Number of GREEN coded calls including median, 65th and 95th percentile	How many 999 calls received are coded as a GREEN verified incident resulting in a response?
AQ116 category and percentage  Number and percentage of patients with attempted resuscitation following cardiac arrest, documented as having a return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) at hospital door  AQ116 Number and percentage of suspected stroke patients who are documented as receiving appropriate care bundle  AQ116 Number and percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle  AQ116 Number and percentage of ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients who are documented as receiving appropriate stroke care bundle  AQ116 Number and percentage of suspected stroke inclination and percentage of suspected stroke inclination and percentage of suspected stroke inclination and percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle  AQ116 Number and percentage of ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients who are documented as receiving appropriate STEMI care bundle  AQ116 Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have had a documented AEVIS score.  AQ116 Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have had a documented AEVIS score.  AQ116 Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients with a suspected diagnosis of sepsis or septic shock who have a documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  Number and percentage of patients with a suspected diagnosis of sepsis or septic shock who have a documented as receiving the appropriate care suspected sepsis and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  Number and percentage of hypoglycaemic patients who have had a documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116 Number and percentage of hypoglycaemic patients with a suspected diagnosis of sepsis or septic shock who have a documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116 Number and percentage of hypoglycaemic patients with a suspected sepsis and enhances handover	20	AQI14	Number of responded Incidents where at least 1 resource arrived at scene	How effective is the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust at sending the right resource first time to an incident.
AQ116ii cardiac arrest, documented as having a return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) at the patients door (ROSC) at hospital is the international Ustein standard and outcome of the pre-hospital response and intervention.  23 AQ116ii Number and percentage of suspected stroke patients who are documented as receiving appropriate stroke care bundle  24 AQ116ii Number and percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle  25 AQ116iv Number and percentage of ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients with a suspected for properties pain medicines before arrival at hospital, also number of patients used as seceiving appropriate stroke care bundle  26 AQ116iv Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have had a documented as receiving appropriate STEMI care bundle  27 AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  28 AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature an exceiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature an exceiving the appropriate care bundle.  28 AQ116vi Number and percentage of hypoglycaemic patients who are documented as receiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart	21	AQI15		How often is a Community First Responder sent to a 999 call?
AQ116iii Number and percentage of ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients who are documented as receiving appropriate STEMI care bundle  AQ116iv Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have had a documented NEWS score.  AQ116iv AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  AQ116iv Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and receiving the appropriate care bundle, which com glucose measurement after treatment.  AQ116iv Number and Percentage of incidents that resulted in a non conveyance to hospital  AQ116iv Number of incidents that resulted in a non conveyance to hospital  AQ116iv Number and Percentage of incidents where a resource was the ideal response as per the clinical response model  AQ116iv Number and Percentage of incidents where a resource was the ideal response as per t	22	AQI16i	cardiac arrest, documented as having a return of spontaneous circulation	Outcome from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest with attempted resuscitation, measured by documented return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) at time of arrival of the patient to hospital. Recording of ROSC at hospital is the international Utstein standard and indicates the outcome of the pre-hospital response and intervention.
Number and percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia and appropriate care bundle  25 AQI16iv Number and percentage of ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients who are documented as receiving appropriate STEMI care bundle  26 AQI16v Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have had a documented MEWS score.  27 AQI16vi Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  28 AQI16vi Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  28 AQI16vi Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  29 AQI16vi Number and percentage of patients who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  29 AQI17 Number and percentage of hypoglycaemic patients who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  30 AQI18 Number and Percentage of incidents that resulted in a non conveyance to hospital  31 AQI19i Percentage of patients who are documented incidents where a resource was the ideal response as per the clinical response model  What percentage of patients from 999 calls are conveved to hospital.	23	AQI16ii		Patients with suspected stroke (including unresolved transient ischaemic attack) who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle. The stroke care bundle comprises measurement of blood pressure, consciousness level, blood glucose and FAST test.
AQI16V patients who are documented as receiving appropriate STEMI care bundle  AQI16V Number and percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have had a documented NEWS score.  Patients with a suspected diagnosis of sepsis or septic shock who have a documented NEWS score. This promotes early resuspected sepsis and enhances handover in hospital.  Patients with a suspected febrile convulsion who are documented NEWS score. This promotes early resuspected sepsis and enhances handover in hospital.  Patients with a suspected febrile convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and perceiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement and administration of three medicines including analge care flow in the patients who have a documented NEWS score. This promotes early resuspected sepsis and enhances handover in hospital.  Patients with a suspected diagnosis of sepsis or septic shock who have a documented NEWS score. This promotes early resuspected sepsis and enhances handover in hospital.  Patients aged 5 years and under with suspected febrile convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and Patients with low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia) who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle, which com glucose measurement before treatment, treatment and blood glucose measurement after treatment.  Patients aged 5 years and under with suspected febrile convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and blood glucose measurement after treatment.  Patients with a suspected diagnosis of sepsis or septic shock who have a documented NEWS score.  Patients aged 5 years and under with suspected fe	24	AQI16iii		Fractured hips (known as neck of femur injuries): fractured hips cause significant pain which can be exacerbated by movement. Pain control for patients with a fractured neck of femur in the immediate post-trauma period is paramount to promoting recovery and patient experience. This reduces suffering and the detrimental effects uncontrolled pain may have. The care bundle measures the recording of initial and subsequent verbal pain scores and administration of appropriate pain medicines before arrival at hospital, also included is the total number of patients with a suspected fractured hip who received analgesia.
documented NEWS score.  Number and percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  Patients aged 5 years and under with suspected febrile convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and receiving the appropriate care bundle.  Patients aged 5 years and under with suspected febrile convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and receiving the appropriate care bundle, which com glucose measurement before treatment, treatment and blood glucose measurement after treatment.  Patients with low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia) who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle, which com glucose measurement before treatment, treatment and blood glucose measurement after treatment.  How effective are the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust in closing incidents at scene?  Number and Percentage of incidents where a resource was the ideal response as per the clinical response model  Number and Percentage of incidents where a resource was the ideal response as per the clinical response model  Number of patients conveyed to hospital following a face to face  What percentage of patients from 999 calls are conveyed to hospital.	25	AQI16iv	, , ,	Patients with STEMI diagnosis (ST-elevation myocardial infarction) who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle. The STEMI care bundle comprises of four elements including pain assessment and administration of three medicines including analgesia.
Patients aged 5 years and under with suspected febrile convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate care febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and percentage of hypoglycaemic patients who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle.  Number and percentage of hypoglycaemic patients who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle, which come glucose measurement before treatment, treatment and blood glucose measurement after treatment.  AQI16 Number of incidents that resulted in a non conveyance to hospital  AQI18 Number and Percentage of incidents where a resource was the ideal response as per the clinical response model  AQI19 Percentage of patients conveyed to hospital following a face to face  What percentage of patients from 999 calls are conveyed to hospital.	26	AQI16v		Patients with a suspected diagnosis of sepsis or septic shock who have a documented NEWS score. This promotes early recognition of suspected sepsis and enhances handover in hospital.
AQI16VII receiving the appropriate care bundle.  29 AQI17 Number of incidents that resulted in a non conveyance to hospital  30 AQI18 Number and Percentage of incidents where a resource was the ideal response as per the clinical response model  31 AQI19 Percentage of patients conveyed to hospital following a face to face  What percentage of patients from 999 calls are conveyed to hospital.	27	AQI16vi	years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care	Patients aged 5 years and under with suspected febrile convulsion who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle. The febrile convulsion care bundle comprises measurement of heart rate, respiratory rate, oxygen saturation, temperature and blood glucose.
30 AQI18 Number and Percentage of incidents where a resource was the ideal response as per the clinical response model  31 AQI19 Percentage of patients conveyed to hospital following a face to face  What percentage of patients from 999 calls are conveyed to hospital.	28	AQI16vii		Patients with low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia) who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle, which comprises blood glucose measurement before treatment, treatment and blood glucose measurement after treatment.
30 AQ18 as per the clinical response model  31 AQ19i Percentage of patients conveyed to hospital following a face to face  What percentage of patients from 999 calls are conveyed to hospital.	29	AQI17	Number of incidents that resulted in a non conveyance to hospital	How effective are the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust in closing incidents at scene?
What percentage of patients from 999 calls are conveyed to hospital.	30	AQI18		How often are WAST sending the ideal resource to scene?
acceptance of the second of th	31	AQI19i	Percentage of patients conveyed to hospital following a face to face assessment.	What percentage of patients from 999 calls are conveyed to hospital.
32 AQI19ii Number of patients conveyed to hospital by type Where do Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust convey patients? What are opportunities to convey elsewhere?	32	AQI19ii	Number of patients conveyed to hospital by type	Where do Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust convey patients? What are opportunities to convey elsewhere?

33	AOI20i	Number and percentage of notification to handover within 15 minutes of arrival at hospital	This AQI measures handover performance at hospital.
34	AO120ii	Number and percentage of notification to handover within 15 minutes of arrival at hospital by hospital type.	This AQI looks at handover performance by site. This allows good practice to be identified and spread.
35	AQI21	Number of lost hours following notification to handover over 15 minutes	This AQI measures the amount of lost hours following notification to handover over 15 minutes.
36	AOI22i	Number and percentage of handover to clear within 15 minutes of transfer of patient care to hospital staff	This AQI measures the number of times where a WAST crew are available again within 15 minutes of handing over their patient.
37	AM22ii	Number and percentage of handover to clear within 15 minutes of transfer of patient care to hospital staff by hospital type	This AQI measures the amount of lost hours following handover to clear over 15 minutes.
38	AQI23	Conveyance to other LHB locations	This AQI records the number of occasions where a patient is taken to a destination in a different Health Board area than the location of the call.
39	AQI24	Number of lost hours following handover to clear over 15 minutes	This AQI shows the amount of time lost where ambulance crews are not available within 15 minutes of handing over their patient.









## Clinical Response Model

Call Type	EASC Definition	Example	Quality Indicator
RED	Immediately life threatening calls such as cardiac arrest or choking. These calls will be subject to both clinical indicators such as Return of Spontaneous Circulation (ROSC) rates and a time based standard requiring a minimum attendance at 65% of these calls within 8 minutes.	Respiratory / cardiac arrest	8 minute response time within 65%. National target
AMBER	Serious but not immediately life threatening. These calls will include most medical and trauma cases such as chest pain and fractures.  Amber calls will receive an emergency response. A response profile has been created to ensure that the most suitable clinical resource is dispatched to each amber call. This will include management via "hear & treat" services over the telephone. Patient experience and clinical indicator data will be used to evaluate the effectiveness of the ambulance response to amber calls.	Cardiac chest pains / stroke	Compliance with care bundles for cardiac stroke and fractured neck of femur patients.
GREEN	999 calls received and categorised as green are neither serious or life threatening. Conditions such as ear ache or minor injuries are coded as green calls. Green calls are ideally suited to management via secondary telephone triage.  Health Care Professionals (HCP) such as doctors, midwives or community hospitals often require an urgent transfer of a patient from low acuity care to a higher acuity facility. These transfers are coded as green calls and undertaken within a timeframe agreed with the requesting HCP.	Fainting - recovered and alert	Clinical outcomes and patient satisfaction for 999. Compliance with healthcare professional agreed admission timescales for HCP calls.









## Step 1 Help Me Choose LHB Review: October 2018 - December 2018

### Step 1: Help Me Choose

AQI Ref  AQI Number of Welsh Ambulance  AQI Number of attendances at key  AQI Number of NHS Direct Wales  AQI Number of NHS Direct Wales  AQI NHS Direct Wales number of  Dental Problems  Abdominal Pain  Other Symptoms  Rash  Fever  Chest Pain  Cough  Sore Throat  Vomiting  Back Pain	ales unique website visits	81 24 327,676	16	19 3	17 3	C&V 9	14 5	HD 4	P 2	All Wales	ABM 3	AB 5	BCU -	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales	ABM	АВ	BCU	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales Total
AQIA i Number of attendances at key  AQIA i Number of NHS Direct Wales  AQIA ii NHS Direct Wales number of  Dental Problems  Abdominal Pain  Other Symptoms  Rash  Fever  Chest Pain  Cough  Sore Throat  Vomiting	t key stakeholder events ales unique website visits	327,676		3	3	9	14	4	2	26	3	5	-	6	1		2								$\overline{}$	
AQI4 ii Number of NHS Direct Wales  AQI4 ii NHS Direct Wales number of Dental Problems Abdominal Pain Other Symptoms Rash Fever Chest Pain Cough Sore Throat Vomiling	ales unique website visits	327,676	3	3	3	4	5							-		٥	3	9	3	3	-	1	-	2	-	116
AQI4 ii NHS Direct Wales number of Dental Problems Abdominal Pain Other Symptoms Rash Fever Chest Pain Cough Sore Throat Vomiting			-	-				3	3	26	4	4	2	4	5	4	3	13	2	2	1	2	2	1	3	63
Dental Problems Abdominal Pain Other Symptoms Rash Fever Chest Pain Cough Sore Throat Vomiting	er of calls by reason (top 10)					-	-	-	-	294,158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	257,523	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	879,357
Abdominal Pain Other Symptoms Rash Fever Chest Pain Cough Sore Throat Vomiting																										
Other Symptoms Rash Fever Chest Pain Cough Sore Throat Vomiting		3,733	1,315	46	1,201	23	13	868	267	3,527	1,242	41	1,099	29	15	852	249	3,823	1,320	50	1,188	28	7	929	301	11,083
Rash Fever Chest Pain Cough Sore Throat Vomiting		1,177	378	170	172	134	85	163	75	1,156	315	160	154	143	64	243	77	1,232	349	167	186	143	84	219	84	3,565
Fever Chest Pain Cough Sore Throat Vomiting		669	166	115	109	87	63	86	43	569	161	82	91	56	54	97	28	667	149	111	108	83	58	132	26	1,905 1,850 1,837
Chest Pain Cough Sore Throat Vomiting		657	255	88	67	54	68	89	36	574	201	81	57	60	40	98	37	619	202	85	78	57	45	114	38	1,850
Cough Sore Throat Vomiting		613	205	91	76	80	53	69	39	561	147	99	70	57	43	105	40	663	196	101	89	57	55	126	39	1,837
Sore Throat Vomiting		583	200	80	79	81	40	70	33	573	205	56	57	54	45	109	47	633	231	80	84	54	28	122	34	1,789
Vomiting		349	160	34	21	31	27	54	22	415	147	48	31	33	27	92	37	607	248	62	33	35	26	151	52	1,371 1,326
		350	179	29	23	35	13	49	22	389	181	26	17	28	16	93	28	587	290	34	31	26	17	142	47	1,326
Back Pain		362	98	36	56	54	39	60	19	391	116	54	45	39	39	74	24	488	139	83	69	52	36	82	27	1,241 1,225
		383	118	50	60	48	34	46	27	406	110	51	64	36	42	79	24	436	133	47	55	38	35	90	38	1,225
Number of Frequent Callers		221	43	26	75	22	18	31	6	246	47	35	80	23	20	35	6	265	58	33	86	28	22	30	8	732
Number of Incidents generate	IIS .	1,947	350	231	785	201	129	216	35	2,397	407	274	1,040	200	161	282	33	2,151	503	284	685	223	153	248	55	6,495
Total Number of Incidents			6,161	6,766	10,121	5,475	3,556	4,716	1,693	38,240	6,387	6,851	9,476	5,668	3,645	4,577	1,636	41,049	6,963	7,314	10,306	5,809	3,801	5,059	1,797	117,777
Percentage of Frequent Calle	erated by Frequent Callers	38,488	0,101		7.8%	3.7%	3.6%																		3.1%	5.5%









## Step 2 Answer My Call LHB Review: October 2018 - December 2018

										, tober															_	
Step 2	: Answer My Call																									
					Oct-1	18							Nov-	18							Dec-	18				All Wales
AQI Re	AQI Description	All Wales	ABM	АВ	вси	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales	ABM	AB	вси	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales	ABM	AB	BCU	C&V	ст	HD	Р	Total
AQI6	Number of Healthcare Professional (HCP) Calls answered	6,113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,356	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,680	-		-	-	-	-		19,149
AQI7	Number of 999 calls answered	44,170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,780	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,993	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134,943
AQI8	Number of 999 calls taken through the Medical Priority Dispatch System (MPDS)	38,488	6,161	6,766	-	5,475	-	4,716	1,693	-	6,387	6,851	9,476	5,668	3,645	4,577	1,636		6,963	7,314	-	5,809	3,801	5,059	1,797	117,777
	Protocol 17: FALLS	4,456	685	764	1242	576	418	581	190	7 -	694	709	1,189	604	390	535	173	4,716	771	792		581	464	595	185	13,466
	Protocol 06: BREATHING PROBLEMS	4,105	698	739	1042	558		465	173		713	797	1,032	564	469	479	192		795	937		668	493	583	207	13,221
	Protocol 10: CHEST PAIN Protocol 35: HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL	4,124 4,189	668 576	773 799	1053 989	535 591	359 418	534 575	202 241		732 578	712 812	1,006 969	546 498	411 368	523 568	192 259	-	788 619	712 767	711	539 523	427 362	583 573	210	12,562 12,384
	Protocol 26: SICK PERSON - SPECIFIC DIAGNOSIS	2.868	394	491	820	400		382	102		446	487	815	377	249	352	118		507	560		422	295	435	137	8,927
	Protocol 31: UNCONSCIOUS/FAINTING(NEAR)	2,347	363	390	615	401	211	270	97		381	393	606	456	228	292	85	2,597	400	473		429	252	288	125	7,385
	Protocol 21: HAEMORRHAGE/LACERATIONS	1,370	218	235	374	193		177	61		224	261	337	204	119	169	62		272	291		209	133	191	64	4,343
	Protocol UGA2: UPGRADE TO AMBER 2	1,470	239	218	440	143	130	224	76	1,336	237	261	338	165	119	167	49	1,171	219	202	261	156	104	174	55	3,977
	Protocol 28: STROKE - CVA	1,247	223	220	336	135	110	147	76	1,261	227	201	332	156	120	161	64	1,410	211	230	396	181	120	178	94	3,918
	Protocol 12: CONVULSIONS/FITTING	1,291	195	215	334	215	150	139	43	1,296	218	205	281	237	149	143	63	1,326	228	233	330	196	136	146	57	3,913
	Number of calls ended following WAST telephone assessment (Hear and Treat)	2,895	448	600	750	566	221	233	77	2,937	533	636	527	650	273	247	71	3,257	595	701	627	635	302	301	96	9,089
	Number of NHSDW telephone assessments that were resolved with an 'ambulance not required' outcome	1,188	152	230	332	217	103	115	39	1,150	187	197	279	201	109	135	42	1,351	187	248	377	206	124	155	54	3,689
AQI9 i	Number of Clinical Desk telephone assessments that were resolved with an 'ambulance not required' outcome	1,707	296	370	418	349	118	118	38	1,787	346	439	248	449	164	112	29	1,906	408	453	250	429	178	146	42	5,400
	Percentage of calls ended following WAST telephone assessment	7.5%	7.3%	8.9%	7.4%	10.3%	6.2%	4.9%	4.5%	7.7%	8.3%	9.3%	5.6%	11.5%	7.5%	5.4%	4.3%	7.9%	8.5%	9.6%	6.1%	10.9%	7.9%	5.9%	5.3%	7.7%
	Number of calls transferred to NHS Direct Wales	2,385	325	410	680	383	225	285	77	2,389	364	390	630	373	255	286	91	2,748	430	457	773	387	252	345	104	7,522
AQI9 ii	Number of 999 calls taken through the Medical Priority Dispatch System (MPDS)	38,488	6,161	6,766	10,121	5,475	3,556	4,716	1,693	38,240	6,387	6,851	9,476	5,668	3,645	4,577	1,636	41,049	6,963	7,314	10,306	5,809	3,801	5,059	1,797	117,777
	Percentage of calls transferred to NHS Direct Wales	6.2%	5.3%	6.1%	6.7%	7.0%	6.3%	6.0%	4.5%	6.2%	5.7%	5.7%	6.6%	6.6%	7.0%	6.2%	5.6%	6.7%	6.2%	6.2%	7.5%	6.7%	6.6%	6.8%	5.8%	6.4%
	Number of calls returned from NHS Direct Wales with an outcome of 'ambulance required'	934	132	146	282	118	101	126	29	951	134	145	288	120	107	116	41	1,051	180	165	299	124	100	147	36	2,936
AQI9 ii	Total Number of Calls Triaged by a Nurse Advisor	2,122	284	376	614	335	204	241	68	2,101	321	342	567	321	216	251	83	2,402	367	413	676	330	224	302	90	6,625
	Percentage of calls returned from NHS Direct Wales	44.0%	46.5%	38.8%	45.9%	35.2%	49.5%	52.3%	42.6%	45.3%	41.7%	42.4%	50.8%	37.4%	49.5%	46.2%	49.4%	43.8%	49.0%	40.0%	44.2%	37.6%	44.6%	48.7%	40.0%	44.3%
	Number of calls ended through transfer to alternative care advice services	1,188	152	230	332	217	103	115	39	1,150	187	197	279	201	109	135	42	1,351	187	248	377	206	124	155	54	3,689
AQI9 iv	Total Number of Calls Triaged by a Nurse Advisor	2,122	284	376	614	335	204	241	68	2,101	321	342	567	321	216	251	83	2,402	367	413	676	330	224	302	90	6,625
	Percentage of calls ended through transfer to alternative care advice services	56.0%	53.5%	61.2%	54.1%	64.8%	50.5%	47.7%	57.4%	54.7%	58.3%	57.6%	49.2%	62.6%	50.5%	53.8%	50.6%	56.2%	51.0%	60.0%	55.8%	62.4%	55.4%	51.3%	60.0%	55.7%
	Re-Contact rates - Telephone																									
AQI10	Number of incidents received within 24 hours following WAST telephone assessment (Hear and Treat)	535	33	44	396	26	9	21	6	143	34	40	29	20	11	7	2	241	60	44	83	27	10	15	2	919
714.10	Number of calls ended following WAST telephone assessment (Hear and Treat)	2,895	448	600	750	566	221	233	77	2,937	533	636	527	650	273	247	71	3,257	595	701	627	635	302	301	96	9,089
	Re-contact percentage within 24hrs of telephone triage (Hear and Treat)	18.5%	7.4%	7.3%	52.8%	4.6%	4.1%	9.0%	7.8%	4.9%	6.4%	6.3%	5.5%	3.1%	4.0%	2.8%	2.8%	7.4%	10.1%	6.3%	13.2%	4.3%	3.3%	5.0%	2.1%	10.1%
	Re-Contact rates - Attendance at Scene																									
	Number of incidents within 24 hours following See and Treat	28		7	12	1		8	-	14	1	3	6	1	-	2	1	29	3	7	16	1		2		71
AQI10	Number of Attendances at Scene that were not transported to hospital (See and Treat)	2.999	403	585	1,029	280	155	385	162		465	492	973	258	137	333	153		405	551	953	338	133	299	138	8,627
	Re-contact percentage within 24hrs of See and Treat	0.9%	0.0%		1.2%	0.4%		2.1%				0.6%		0.4%	0.0%		0.7%	-	0.7%	1.3%		0.3%	0.0%	0.7%	0.0%	0.8%
	The Contract percentage with 1124115 01 366 and 116at	0.9%	0.0%	1.2%	1.270	0.4%	0.0%	2.170	0.0%	0.5%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.6%	0.7%	1.0%	0.7%	1.3%	1.7%	0.3%	0.0%	U. 776	U.U%	0.0%









## Step 3 Come to See Me LHB Review: October 2018 - December 2018

### Step 3: Come to See Me

					Oct-1	18							Nov-	18							Dec	-18				All Wales
AQI Ref	AQI Description	All Wales	ABM	АВ	BCU	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales	ABM	АВ	BCU	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales	ABM	AB	BCU	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	Total
	Number of RED category incidents resulting in an emergency response	2,030	366	362	469	334	180	224	95	2,211	420	422	451	386	213	240	79	2,414	496	498	434	414	211	255	106	6,655
	Number of RED category incidents with first response arriving on scene within 8 minutes	1,516	276	274	348	274	135	148	61	1,599	316	308	309	310	145	157	54	1,757	374	358	324	333	152	154	62	4,872
AQI11	Percentage of RED category incidents with first response arriving on scene within 8 minutes, 65% of the time	74.7%	75.4%	75.7%	74.2%	82.0%	75.0%	66.1%	64.2%	72.3%	75.2%	73.0%	68.5%	80.3%	68.1%	65.4%	68.4%	72.8%	75.4%	71.9%	74.7%	80.4%	72.0%	60.4%	58.5%	73.2%
	RED Category - Median Response	00:05:12			00:04:55						00:05:16													00:05:29		
	RED Category - 65th Percentile	00:06:41			00:06:49						00:06:40													00:08:48		
	RED Category - 95th Percentile	00:15:20	00:13:14	00:14:32	00:16:12	00:11:18	00:13:58	00:19:12	00:22:11	00:15:30	00:14:10	00:15:21	00:16:21	00:11:00	00:14:25	00:17:05	00:18:36	00:15:59	00:14:06	00:17:21	00:15:32	00:13:15	00:15:03	00:20:05	00:19:51	
	Number of AMBER category incidents resulting in an emergency response	22,360	3,539	- 7	5,929	2,892	7	2,955	1,082	22,031	3,534	3,813	5,754	2,912		2,840	1,022		.,	,	-7	-,-		-		67,728
AQI12	AMBER Category - Median Response	00:23:27			00:22:51						00:29:15													00:21:41		
	AMBER Category - 65th Percentile	00:35:27	00:40:19	00:39:20	00:33:47	00:42:41	00:32:08	00:30:08	00:30:36	00:35:52	00:47:22	00:50:37	00:26:18	00:48:57	00:32:10	00:31:13	00:28:34							00:31:11		
	AMBER Category - 95th Percentile	02:32:45	03:14:18	02:43:06	02:25:18	03:08:06	02:00:25	01:46:00	01:43:44	02:32:02	03:07:17	03:16:28	01:38:48	03:21:50	02:08:13	01:36:38	01:31:23	02:41:41	04:25:08	03:01:16	01:40:12	04:09:41	02:20:51	01:42:56	01:42:31	
	Number of GREEN category incidents resulting in a response	2,113	304	380	593	253	204	275	104	2,065	315	354	608	219	200	257	112	2,403	348	375	756	246	216	337	125	6,581
AQI13	GREEN Category - Median Response	00:47:15	00:45:30	00:59:51	00:43:11	00:47:18	00:45:15	00:47:42	00:38:28	00:44:52	00:43:58	01:02:11	00:34:46	00:52:01	01:00:53	00:38:56	00:37:54	00:44:24	00:45:13	00:57:04	00:38:03	00:56:29	00:55:03	00:42:47	00:37:49	
714110	GREEN Category - 65th Percentile				01:08:19						01:07:50								01:16:27	01:24:52	00:55:33	01:28:54	01:29:20	01:02:29	00:54:00	
	GREEN Category - 95th Percentile	04:35:06			04:32:25																			03:06:00		
	OKEEN Oategory - 35th Fercentillo	04.55.00	04.55.00	03.10.11	04.02.20	04.47.50	00.20.02	00.20.00	00.00.04	04.32.10	00.10.00	00.43.40	05.27.20	00.55.20	04.07.54	00.10.00	05.55.04	04.55.50	07.10.50	00.30.01	02.57.00	00.51.55	00.40.27	05.00.00	02.40.17	
	Number of responded Incidents where at least 1 resource arrived at scene (excluding incidents where multiple dispatches are appropriate)	21,868	3,420	3,769	5,652	2,963	2,214	2,865	985	21,680	3,413	3,906	5,593	2,878	2,156	2,767	967	22,959	3,671	4,093	5,878	2,985	2,236	3,058	1,038	66,507
	Percentage of Incidents where 1 Vehicle Arrived at Scene	83.6%	83.1%	77.2%	85.3%	83.3%	80.2%	91.0%	87.5%	83.1%	81.3%	78.4%	85.9%	82.2%	79.1%	89.3%	86.8%	82.6%	77.9%	78.7%	87.3%	81.4%	77.2%	88.8%	85.5%	83.1%
AQI14	Percentage of Incidents where 2 Vehicles Arrived at Scene	14.9%	15.0%	20.4%	13.7%	15.5%	17.6%	8.3%	11.8%	15.3%	16.5%	19.5%	13.1%	16.1%	18.9%	10.2%	12.3%	15.8%	19.8%	19.2%	11.8%	16.8%	20.8%	10.6%	12.7%	15.3%
	Percentage of Incidents where 3 Vehicles Arrived at Scene	1.3%	1.6%	2.1%	0.9%	1.1%	1.7%	0.7%	0.6%	1.3%	1.8%	1.7%	1.0%	1.4%	1.8%	0.5%	0.8%	1.4%	1.9%	1.9%	0.8%	1.6%	1.6%	0.6%	1.4%	1.3%
	Percentage of Incidents where 4 or More Vehicles Arrived at Scene	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.5%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	0.3%	0.1%	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	0.3%	0.0%	0.3%	0.4%	0.0%	0.3%	0.2%
	Number of Community First Responders (CFRs) attendances at scene	1,628	182			194	64	218	102	1,397	147	245		261	71	187	86	1,724		284			91	181	119	4,749
	RED	332	43			52		54	30	349	52	59	56	81	19	56	26							1.0	40	1,020
	AMBER	1,230	139	272	395	138	54	161	71	983	90	183	301	169	52	128	60	1,293	89	214	431	283	67	133	76	3,506
AQI15	GREEN	66	-	3	55	4	-	3	1	65	5	3	43	11	-	3	-	83	2	6	58	14	-	-	3	214
	Number of Community First Responders (CFRs) attendances at scene where first response arriving on scene	1,413	164	278	490	154	54	191	82	1,207	128	212	364	216	54	158	75	1,498	120	239	484	315	76	164	100	4,118
	Percentage of Community First Responder (CFR) attendances at scene where they were the first response arriving at scene	86.8%	90.1%	84.5%	90.9%	79.4%	84.4%	87.6%	80.4%	86.4%	87.1%	86.5%	91.0%	82.8%	76.1%	84.5%	87.2%	86.9%	88.2%	84.2%	89.1%	85.1%	83.5%	90.6%	84.0%	86.7%









## Step 4 Give Me Treatment LHB Review: October 2018 - December 2018

		ment

отор																										_
AQI Re	AQI Description					t-18								ov-18							Dec					All Wales
	<u> </u>	All Wales	ABM	AB	BCU	C&V	СТ	HD	P	All Wales	ABM	AB	BCU	C&V	СТ	HD	P	All Wales	ABM	AB	BCU	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	Total
	Percentage of patients with attempted resuscitation following cardiac arrest, documented as having a return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) at hospital door	15.4%			All W	ales Indicate	or Only			11.0%			All W	/ales Indicat	or Only			11.5%			All Wa	ales Indicat	or Only			12.6%
AQI16	Number of patients with attempted resuscitation following cardiac arrest, documented as having a return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) at hospital door	34	-		-	-	-	-		- 25	-		-		-	-		27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	86
	Total Number of patients with attempted resuscitation following cardiac arrest	221	-		-	-	-	-		- 228	-				-	-		235	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	684
	Percentage of suspected stroke patients who are documented as receiving appropriate stroke care bundle	94.2%			All W	ales Indicato	or Only			95.8%			All W	/ales Indicat	or Only			95.3%			All Wa	ales Indicat	or Only			95.1%
AQI16	Number of suspected stroke patients who are documented as receiving appropriate stroke care bundle	311	-		-	-	-	-		- 338	-		-		-			345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	994
	Total Number of suspected stroke patients	330	-		-	-	-	-		- 353	-		-		-	-		362	-	-	-	-	-	-		1045
	Percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving appropriate care bundle (including analgesia)	81.2%			All W	ales Indicato	or Only			79.1%			All W	/ales Indicat	or Only			79.0%			All Wa	ales Indicat	or Only			79.8%
	Number of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving appropriate care bundle	216	-		-	-	-	-		- 189	-				-			177	-	-	-	-	-	-		582
AQI16 i	Total Number of older patients with suspected hip fracture	266	-		-	-	-	-		- 239	-		-		-			224	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	729
AGIIOI	Percentage of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia	92.1%			All W	ales Indicato	or Only			92.5%			All W	/ales Indicat	or Only			91.5%			All Wa	ales Indicat	or Only			92.0%
	Number of older patients with suspected hip fracture who are documented as receiving analgesia	245	-		-	-	-	-		- 221	-				-	-		205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	671
	Total Number of older patients with suspected hip fracture	266	-		-	-	-	-		- 239	-		-		-			224	-	-	-		-			729
	Percentage of ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients who are documented as receiving appropriate STEMI care bundle	60.8%			All W	ales Indicato	or Only		-	74.7%			All W	/ales Indicat	or Only			76.3%			All Wa	ales Indicat	or Only			70.7%
AQI16 i	Number ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients who are documented as receiving appropriate STEMI care bundle	45	-		-	-	-	-		- 59	-				-	-		58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	162
	Total Number of ST segment elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI) patients	74	-		-	-	-	-		- 79	-						· .	76	-	-	-		-			229
	Percentage of suspected sepsis patients who have had a documented NEWS score	98.0%			All W	ales Indicato	or Only			98.4%			All W	/ales Indicat	or Only			100.0%			All Wa	ales Indicat	or Only			99.0%
AQI16	Number of suspected sepsis patients who have had a documented NEWS score	49	-		-	-	-	-		- 62	-				-			80	-	-	-	-	-	-		191
	Total Number of suspected sepsis patients	50	-		-	-	-	-		- 63	-		-		-	-		80	-	-	-		-	-	-	193
	Percentage of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle	100.0%			All W	ales Indicato	or Only			100.0%			All W	/ales Indicat	or Only			100.0%			All Wa	ales Indicat	or Only			100.0%
AQI16	Number of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle	24	-		-	-	-	-		- 26	-				-	-		32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82
	Total Number of patients with a suspected febrile convulsion aged 5 years and under	24	-		-	-	-	-		- 26	-				-			32	-	-	-		-	-		82
	Percentage of hypoglycaemic patients who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle	89.9%			All W	ales Indicato	or Only			89.8%			All W	/ales Indicat	or Only			87.2%			All Wa	ales Indicat	or Only			88.9%
AQI16 vii	Number of hypoglycaemic patients who are documented as receiving the appropriate care bundle	213	-		-	-	-	-		- 255	-				-			253	-	-	-		-	-		721
	Total Number of hypoglycaemic patients	237	-		-			-		- 284	-							290	-						- 7	811

			_	_	Oct-	18					_		Nov-	18		_		_	_	_	Dec	18		_		
QI Ref	AQI Description	All Wales	ABM	АВ	вси	C&V	ст	HD	Р	All Wales	ABM	AB	вси	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales	АВМ	АВ	вси	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wale: Total
Q117	Number of Incidents that resulted in non conveyance to hospital	5,030	740	941	1,466	637	282	663	301	4,899	860	903	1,407	597	235	646	251	5,165	831	939	1,433	711	273	687	291	15,0
	Treated At Scene	2,999	403	585		280	155	385	162	2,811	465	492	973	258	137	333	153	2,817	405	551	953	338	133	299	138	8,6
	Referred To Alternate Provider	2,031	337	356	437	357	127	278	139	2,088	395	411	434	339	98	313	98	2,348	426	388	480	373	140	388	153	6,4
	AMBER																									
	Total Number of AMBER Incidents with a Response	20,177	3,177	3,510	5,267	2,671	1,942	2,646	964	19,922	3,177	3,409	5,215	2,635	1,973	2,569	944	21,045	3,237	3,577	5,620	2,752	2,021	2,812	1,026	61,
	Number of AMBER Incidents where Ideal Resource First on Scene	14,503	2,286	2,315	3,879	1,940	1,352	1,999	732	13,942	2,144	2,221	3,726	1,824	1,355	1,954	718	14,556	2,151	2,288	4,020	1,934	1,297	2,115	751	43,
	Percentage of AMBER Incidents where Ideal Resource First on Scene	71.9%	72.0%	66.0%	73.6%	72.6%	69.6%	75.5%	75.9%	70.0%	67.5%	65.2%	71.4%	69.2%	68.7%	76.1%	76.1%	69.2%	66.5%	64.0%	71.5%	70.3%	64.2%	75.2%	73.2%	70.
	Number of AMBER Incidents where Ideal Resource Arrived Subsequently	1,111	156	279	226	152	159	94	45	1,109	174	272	217	151	176	86	33	1,157	184	248	195	191	180	123	36	3,
	Percentage of AMBER Incidents where Ideal Resource Arrived Subsequently	5.5%	4.9%	7.9%	4.3%	5.7%	8.2%	3.6%	4.7%	5.6%	5.5%	8.0%	4.2%	5.7%	8.9%	3.3%	3.5%	5.5%	5.7%	6.9%	3.5%	6.9%	8.9%	4.4%	3.5%	5.8
	GREEN2																									
	Total Number of GREEN2 Incidents with a Response	841	143	143	209	109	87	109	41	832	133	138	237	101	83	98	42	993	161	154	276	112	99	129	62	2,0
	Number of GREEN2 Incidents where Ideal Resource First on Scene	448	77	65	124	47	47	64	24	464	71	70	140	38	51	65	29	570	98	66	179	41	54	88	44	1,4
	Percentage of GREEN2 Incidents where Ideal Resource First on Scene	53.3%	53.8%	45.5%	59.3%	43.1%	54.0%	58.7%	58.5%	55.8%	53.4%	50.7%	59.1%	37.6%	61.4%	66.3%	69.0%	57.4%	60.9%	42.9%	64.9%	36.6%	54.5%	68.2%	71.0%	55.
	Number of GREEN2 Incidents where Ideal Resource Arrived Subsequently	21	1	5	5	5	2	2	1	28	7	6	6	5	1	2	1	35	5	6	7	11	1	3	2	
	Percentage of GREEN2 Incidents where Ideal Resource Arrived Subsequently	2.5%	0.7%	3.5%	2.4%	4.6%	2.3%	1.8%	2.4%	3.4%	5.3%	4.3%	2.5%	5.0%	1.2%	2.0%	2.4%	3.5%	3.1%	3.9%	2.5%	9.8%	1.0%	2.3%	3.2%	3
QI18	GREEN3 (Non HCP Incidents)	]																								
	Total Number of GREEN3 Incidents with a Response	940	116	168	288	95	95	129	49	920	128	163	287	80	86	125	51	1,068	130	151	405	84	86	165	47	2,9
	Number of GREEN3 Incidents where Ideal Resource First on Scene	642	86	88	212	36	74	106	40	613	85	75	229	26	48	105	45	688	51	84	314	34	34	129	42	1,9
	Percentage of GREEN3 Incidents where Ideal Resource First on Scene	68.3%	74.1%	52.4%	73.6%	37.9%	77.9%	82.2%	81.6%	66.6%	66.4%	46.0%	79.8%	32.5%	55.8%	84.0%	88.2%	64.4%	39.2%	55.6%	77.5%	40.5%	39.5%	78.2%	89.4%	66.4
	Number of GREEN3 Incidents where Ideal Resource Arrived Subsequently	25	2	11	4	4	1	2	1	45	8	18	8	9	1	1	-	73	18	19	16	7	7	6	-	1
	Percentage of GREEN3 Incidents where Ideal Resource Arrived Subsequently	2.7%	1.7%	6.5%	1.4%	4.2%	1.1%	1.6%	2.0%	4.9%	6.3%	11.0%	2.8%	11.3%	1.2%	0.8%	0.0%	6.8%	13.8%	12.6%	4.0%	8.3%	8.1%	3.6%	0.0%	4.9
	GREEN3 (HCP Incidents)																									
	Total Number of GREEN3 Incidents with a Response	3,003	371	574	715	437	341	392	173	2,907	355	577	730	388	285	399	173	2,837	341	536	784	376	273	382	145	8,7
	Number of GREEN3 Incidents where Ideal Resource First on Scene	1,990	279	381	507	212	262	233	116	1,917	222	415	522	198	232	227	101	1,854	193	374	555	204	221	220	87	5,7
	Percentage of GREEN3 Incidents where Ideal Resource First on Scene	66.3%	75.2%	66.4%	70.9%	48.5%	76.8%	59.4%	67.1%	65.9%	62.5%	71.9%	71.5%	51.0%	81.4%	56.9%	58.4%	65.4%	56.6%	69.8%	70.8%	54.3%	81.0%	57.6%	60.0%	65.
	Number of GREEN3 Incidents where Ideal Resource Arrived Subsequently	14	1	5	4	2	-	2	-	14	2	2	2	3	-	3	2	11	3	-	3	-	1	4	-	
	Percentage of GREEN3 Incidents where Ideal Resource Arrived Subsequently	0.5%	0.3%	0.9%	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	0.5%	0.6%	0.3%	0.3%	0.8%	0.0%	0.8%	1.2%	0.4%	0.9%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.4%	1.0%	0.0%	0.4









## Step 5 Take Me To Hospital LHB Review: October 2018 - December 2018

ep 5: T		

		Oct-18											Nov-	-18				Dec-18								
AQI Ref	AQI Description	All Wales	ABM	АВ	вси	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales	ABM	АВ	вси	C&V	СТ	HD	Р	All Wales	АВМ	AB	вси	C&V	ст	HD	Р	Total
	Number of 999 Patients conveyed to Hospital	15,852	2,494	2,712	3,985	2,099	1,756	2,077	729	15,727	2,386	2,653	4,022	2,130	1,828	2,017	691	16,722	2,492	2,849	4,388	2,154	1,852	2,237	750	48,301
AQI19 i	Total Number of Incidents where an Ambulance Resource Attended Scene	23,202	3,648	4,058	6,061	3,097	2,252	2,988	1,098	23,089	3,702	3,988	6,047	3,111	2,297	2,898	1,046	24,618	3,829	4,237	6,587	3,247	2,345	3,205	1,168	70,909
	Percentage of patients conveyed to hospital following a face to face assessment	68.3%	68.4%	66.8%	65.7%	67.8%	78.0%	69.5%	66.4%	68.1%	64.5%	66.5%	66.5%	68.5%	79.6%	69.6%	66.1%	67.9%	65.1%	67.2%	66.6%	66.3%	79.0%	69.8%	64.2%	68.1%
AQI19 ii	Total number of patients conveyed to hospital by type	20,955	3,211	3,617	5,280	2,790	2,266	2,780	1,011	20,621	3,082	3,607	5,222	2,749	2,303	2,685	973	21,790	3,217	3,792	5,635	2,835	2,348	2,951	1,012	63,366
	Tier 1 Major A&E Units	19.203	2,877	3,443	5.157	2.242	2.253	2.317	914	18,882	2,741	3,424	5.092	2,250	2,286	2,217	872	20,007	2.867	3,609	5.536	2.302	2.332	2,451	910	58.092
	Tier 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Minor Injuries Unit or Local Accident Centre	480	297	142	18	1	2	13	7	503	305	152	25		4	8	9	523	7	-,	17	-	6	14	6	1,506
	Tier 3 (Major Acute) - Medical Admissions Unit	944	2		- 10	495	1	446	-	895	4	-		445	1	445	-	959		1	-	481	-	476		2,798
	Other (all other units such as Maternity or Mental Health Units)	328	35	32	105	52	10	4	90	341	32	31	105	54	12	15	92	301	31	20	82	52	10	10	96	970
	Number and Percentage of notification to handover within 15 minutes of arrival at hospital	52.4%	45.1%	51.0%	37.3%	45.3%	89.9%	68.0%	50.1%	56.2%	42.3%	55.3%	49.1%	49.9%	89.0%	66.3%	51.2%	53.6%		51.0%	45.8%	51.6%	88.6%		48.0%	54.1%
	Number of Notification to Handover within 15 minutes	10,568	1,438	1,653	1,941	1,152	2,019	1,901	464	11,105	1,317	1,772	7	1,257	2,014	1,805	454	,	7 -	1,753	2,539	1,369	2,057		448	32,982
	Total Number of Handovers	20,155	3,191	3,240	5,208	2,545	2,247	2,797	927	19,768	3,112	3,207	5,062	2,517	2,263	2,721	886	21,090	3,210	3,434	5,544	2,652	2,322	2,994	934	61,013
AQI20 ii	Number and Percentage of notification to handover within 15 minutes of arrival at hospital by hospital type.																									
	TIER 1 (Major A&E Units) - Percentage of Notification to handover within 15 minutes	52.2%	46.2%	51.0%	37.3%	47.3%	89.9%	63.8%	50.1%	56.2%	44.0%	55.3%	49.1%	52.2%	89.0%	61.4%	51.5%	53.5%	38.3%	51.0%	45.8%	53.8%	88.7%	60.5%	48.0%	53.9%
	TIER 1 (Major A&E Units) - Notification to handover within 15 minutes	9,906	1,349	1,653	1,941	996	2,019	1,487	461	10,446	1,239	1,771	2,486	1,111	2,012	1,375	452	10,599	1,115	1,752	2,539	1,190	2,055	1,503	445	30,951
	TIER 1 (Major A&E Units) - Total Number of Handovers	18,967	2,919	3,240	5,208	2,104	2,246	2,330	920	18,591	2,817	3,205	5,062	2,127	2,261	2,241	878	19,828	2,911	3,432	5,544	2,210	2,317	2,486	928	57,386
	TIER 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Percentage of Notification to handover within 15 minutes	33.9%	32.6%	-	-	100.0%	-	54.5%	42.9%	26.8%	25.4%	50.0%	-	-	100.0%	62.5%	25.0%	31.0%	28.5%	100.0%	-	-	40.0%	69.2%	50.0%	30.5%
	TIER 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Notification to handover within 15 minutes	98	88	-	-	1	-	6	3	83	74	1	-	-	1	5	2	100	85	1	-	-	2	9	3	281
	TIER 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Total Number of Handovers	289	270	-	-	1	-	11	7	310	291	2	-	-	1	8	8	323	298	1	-	-	5	13	6	922
	TIER 3 (Major Acute) - Percentage of Notification to handover within 15 minutes	62.7%	50.0%	-	-	35.2%	0.0%	89.5%	-	66.4%	100.0%	-	-	37.4%	100.0%	90.0%	-	65.0%	100.0%	-	-	40.5%	-	86.9%	-	64.7%
	TIER 3 (Major Acute) - Notification to handover within 15 minutes	564	1	-	-	155	-	408	-	576	4	-	-	146	1	425	-	610	1	-	-	179	-	430	-	1,750
	TIER 3 (Major Acute) - Total Number of Handovers	899	2	-	-	440	1	456	-	867	4	-	-	390	1	472	-	939	1	1	-	442	-	495	-	2,705
	Other - Percentage of Notification to handover within 15 minutes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other - Notification to handover within 15 minutes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	Other - Total Number of Handovers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-

p 5: Take Me To Hospital (Cont.)	p 5: T	ake Me To	o Hospital	(Cont.)
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Step 5	: Take Me To Hospital (Cont.)																										
	ACI Description			Oct-18									Nov-	18				Dec-18									
AQI Ref	AQI Description	All Wales	ABM	AB	вси	C&V	ст	HD	Р	All Wales	ABM	AB	вси	C&V	СТ	HD	P	All Wales	ABM	АВ	вси	C&V	ст	HD	Р	Total	
AQI21	Number of lost hours following notification to handover over 15 minutes	6,020	1,391	1,087	2,180	750	34	380	198	4,707	1,496	948	1,072	600	35	406	150	6,038	2,109	1,289	1,227	628	45	523	217	16,765	
	Tier 1 Major A&E Units	5,815	1,291	1,087	2,180	662	34	365	197	4,500	1,380	948	1,072	519	35	399	147	5,776	1,984	1,289	1,227	522	43	499	214	16,091	
	Tier 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Minor Injuries Unit or Local Accident Centre	103	100	-	-	-	-	1	1	120	117	0	-	-	-	1	3	131	126	-		-	1	1	4	354	
	Tier 3 (Major Acute) - Medical Admissions Unit	103	0	-	-	88	1	14	-	87	-	-	-	81	-	6	-	130	-	0	-	107	-	23		320	
	Other (all other units such as Maternity or Mental Health Units)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				-		-	
AQI22 i	Number and Percentage of handover to clear within 15 minutes of transfer of patient care to hospital staff	74.2%	69.9%	62.0%	82.9%	70.3%	82.3%	69.9%	87.2%	72.2%	69.0%	58.1%		70.5%	79.3%	69.8%	90.1%	74.5%	70.3%	63.2%			77.1%		87.4%	73.7%	
	Number of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes	14,958	2,229	2,010	4,317	1,790	1,849	1,955	808	14,263	2,147	1,864	3,986	1,775	1,794	1,899	798	-,	2,256	2,172			1,791	2,141	816	44,940	
	Total Number of Handovers	20,155	3,191	3,240	5,208	2,545	2,247	2,797	927	19,768	3,112	3,207	5,062	2,517	2,263	2,721	886	21,090	3,210	3,434	5,544	2,652	2,322	2,994	934	61,013	
AQI22 ii	Number and Percentage of handover to clear within 15 minutes of transfer of patient care to hospital staff by hospital type																										
	TIER 1 (Major A&E Units) - Percentage of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes	74.0%	68.4%	62.0%	82.9%	66.1%	82.3%	71.4%	87.2%	71.8%	67.1%	58.1%		67.1%	79.3%	71.4%	90.0%	74.3%	68.2%	63.2%			77.1%		87.5%	73.4%	
	TIER 1 (Major A&E Units) - Number of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes	14,029	1,998	2,010	4,317	1,390	1,848	1,664	802	13,350	1,891	1,862	3,986	1,427	1,793	7	790		1,986	2,170	-		1,786	1,822	812	42,111	
	TIER 1 (Major A&E Units) - Total Number of Handovers	18,967	2,919	3,240	5,208	2,104	2,246	2,330	920	18,591	2,817	3,205	5,062	2,127	2,261	2,241	878	19,828	2,911	3,432	5,544	2,210	2,317	2,486	928	57,386	
	TIER 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Percentage of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes	84.8%	84.8%	-	-	100.0%	-	81.8%	85.7%	87.7%	86.9%	100.0%	-	-	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	90.7%	90.6%	100.0%	-	-	100.0%	100.0%	66.7%	87.9%	
	TIER 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Number of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes	245	229	-	-	1	-	9	6	272	253	2	-	-	1	8	8	293	270	1	-	-	5	13	4	810	
	TIER 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Total Number of Handovers	289	270	-	-	1	-	11	7	310	291	2	-	-	1	8	8	323	298	1		-	5	13	6	922	
	TIER 3 (Major Acute) - Percentage of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes	76.1%	100.0%	-	-	90.7%	100.0%	61.8%		73.9%	75.0%	-	-	89.2%	0.0%	61.4%	-	73.9%	0.0%	100.0%	-	87.6%	-	61.8%	-	74.6%	
	TIER 3 (Major Acute) - Number of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes	684	2	-	-	399	1	282	-	641	3	-	-	348	-	290		694	-	1	-	387	-	306	-	2,019	
	TIER 3 (Major Acute) - Total Number of Handovers	899	2	-	-	440	1	456	-	867	4	-	-	390	1	472	-	939	1	1		442	-	495	-	2,705	
	Other - Percentage of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
	Other - Number of Handover to Clear within 15 minutes											-	-														
	Other - Total Number of Handovers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-			-		- 1		-								
	Conveyance to hospital outside of Local Health Board area	1,580	54	449	190	153	88	134	512	1,548	64	468	168	156	80	129	483	1,562	49	479	158	165	102	131	478	4,690	
AQI23	Number of patients conveyed to hospital	20,955	3,211	3,617	5,280	2,790	2,266	2,780	1,011	20,621	3,082	3,607	5,222	2,749	2,303	2,685	973	21,790	3,217	3,792	5,635	2,835	2,348	2,951	1,012	63,366	
	Percentage of Overall Conveyance to hospital outside of Local Health Board area	7.5%	1.7%	12.4%	3.6%	5.5%	3.9%	4.8%	50.6%	7.5%	2.1%	13.0%	3.2%	5.7%	3.5%	4.8%	49.6%	7.2%	1.5%	12.6%	2.8%	5.8%	4.3%	4.4%	47.2%	7.4%	
AQI24	9	961	168	328	143	142	43	114	22	7.	187	327	153	156	55		10	962	179	311			62	128	17	2,940	
	Tier 1 Major A&E Units	932	164	328	143	136	43	95	22	980	183	327	153	149	55	104	10	925	176	311	105	149	62	105	17	2,836	
	Tier 2 (Minor A&E Units) - Minor Injuries Unit or Local Accident Centre	5	4	-	-	-	-	1	0	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4			-	-	-	0	12	
	Tier 3 (Major Acute) - Medical Admissions Unit	25	-	-	-	6	-	19	-	33	0	-	-	7	0	26	-	33	0			10	-	23		91	
	Other (all other units such as Maternity or Mental Health Units)	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-					-		-	
																					_						









		Ambulance Quality Indicator Glossary
No.	Term	Definition
1	65th Percentile	A percentile (or a centile) is a measure used in statistics indicating the value below which a given percentage of observations in a group of observations fall. For example, the 65th percentile is the value below which 65 percent of the observations may be found.
2	95th Percentile	A percentile (or a centile) is a measure used in statistics indicating the value below which a given percentage of observations in a group of observations fall. For example, the 95th percentile is the value below which 95 percent of the observations may be found.
3	999	Emergency telephone service operated by telephony providers such as BT, allowing anyone to contact the emergency services, this also applies to 112 (European) & 911 (US).
4	AMBER	Calls received and categorised as serious, but not life threatening. These calls will include most medical and trauma cases such as chest pain and fractures. Amber calls will receive an emergency response. A response profile has been created to ensure that the most suitable clinical resource is dispatched to each amber call. This will include management via "hear & treat" services over the telephone. Patient experience and clinical indicator data will be used to evaluate the effectiveness of the ambulance response to amber calls.
5	Call	A telephone call received by the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust via 999 or from a Health Care Professional.
6	CFR	Community First Responder trained by the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust to respond to appropriately graded calls.
7	Clear	Time a Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust crew are clear (free for other work) from either the scene or hospital.
8	Conveyance	A 999 incident which has received an emergency response at scene and resulted in the patient being conveyed to hospital.
9	EASC	Emergency Ambulance Service Committee: ambulance commissioning in Wales is a collaborative process underpinned by a national collaborative Commissioning Quality and Delivery Framework. All seven Health Boards have signed up to the Framework. Emergency Ambulance Services in Wales are provided by a single national organisation – Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust (WAST).
10	Incident	A 999 call which excludes the following: calls made in error, duplicate calls, information calls, test calls and calls to other ambulance controls.
11	Response	A 999 Incident which has received an emergency response at scene.
12	Fractured Femur	Hip fractures, also called proximal femoral fractures, are cracks or breaks in the top of the thigh bone (femur) close to the hip joint.

		Ambulance Quality Indicator Glossary
No.	Term	Definition
13	Frequent Caller	Frequent callers are defined where the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust have received 5 or more calls from the same address in the same month.
14	GREEN	Calls received and categorised as green are neither serious or life threatening. Conditions such as ear ache or minor injuries are coded as green calls. Green calls are ideally suited to management via secondary telephone triage.
15	Handover	Handover of care from Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust to LHB hospital staff.
16	Health Care Professional	Suitably qualified health professional defined as: Doctor, General Practitioner, Emergency Care Practitioner, Nurse, District Nurse, Midwife, Paramedic, Dentist, Approved Social Worker.
17	Hear & Treat	Hear and treat are callers who were deemed to have non-life-threatening conditions and received triage and advice over the phone.
18	Ideal Response	The type of clinician / resource to send, in preference for the specific category (or codes).
19	LНВ	Local Health Board: an LHB is an administrative unit within the National Health Service in Wales. The 7 LHB's in Wales are Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board, Aneurin Bevan University Health Board, Betsi Cadwaladr University Health Board, Cardiff & Vale University Health Board, Cwm Taf University Health Board, Hywel Dda University Health Board, Powys Teaching Health Board.
20	Major A&E Unit	Hospitals which provide a wide range of acute in-patient and out-patient specialist services together with the necessary support systems, which allow emergency admissions and which usually has an Accident and Emergency department.
21	Major Acute	Hospitals which provide acute services limited to a one or two specialist units.
22	Median	Median is the number separating the higher half of a data sample. The median of a finite list of numbers can be found by arranging all the observations from lowest value to highest value and picking the middle one (e.g., the median of {3, 3, 5, 9, 11} is 5).
23	Minor A&E Unit	Hospitals which provide a range of acute in-patient and out-patient services specialist services (including some surgical acute specialties), but not the wide range available in major acute hospitals.
24	MPDS	Medical Priority Dispatch System: MPDS is a unified system used to dispatch appropriate aid to medical emergencies including systematised caller interrogation and pre-arrival instructions.
25	NHSDW	NHS Direct Wales is a health advice and information service available 24 hours a day, every day and is part of the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust.
26	Non-Conveyance	Patients which are not transported to hospital following assessment by clinician.
27	Non-conveyances (by reason)	Number of patients not taken to hospital split by the reason why i.e. Treated at Scene.
28	Notification	Time that the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust notified LHB hospital staff of their arrival at hospital.
29	Overall % Conveyance	Percentage of patients transported to hospital following initial assessment at scene by a Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust clinician.

		Ambulance Quality Indicator Glossary
No.	Term	Definition
30	PROQA	Professional Questioning & Answering Software: ProQA is an expert system designed to help provide the very best in service and speed. Correct dispatch levels are usually determined in less than one minute. ProQA additionally provides Dispatch Life Support (DLS) protocols which meet or exceed the international standards for emergency medical dispatching. ProQA is built on a foundation of empirical literature and medical experience relevant to medical dispatching.
31	RED	Calls deemed to be Immediately Life-Threatening.
32	ROSC	Return of spontaneous circulation refers to signs of restored circulation (more than occasional gasp, occasional fleeting pulse or arterial waveform) evidenced by breathing, a palpable pulse or a measurable blood pressure
33	STEMI	STEMI - ST segment elevation myocardial infarction - occurs when a coronary artery is totally occluded by a blood clot.
34	Stroke Care Bundle	A Care Bundle is a group of between three and five specific interventions or processes of care that have a greater effect on patient outcomes if done together in a time-limited way, rather than separately.
35	Suitable Response	The type of clinician / resource to send, if the IDEAL response is not available for the specific category (or codes).
36	WAST	Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust: Spread over an area of 20,640 kilometres and serving a population of 2.9 million, this diverse area encompasses tranquil rural retreats, busy seaside resorts and large urban conurbations.
37	ABM	Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board
38	AB	Aneurin Bevan University Health Board
39	BCU	Betsi Cadwaladr University Health Board
40	C&V	Cardiff and Vale University Health Board
41	СТ	Cwm Taf University Health Board
42	HD	Hywel Dda University Health Board
43	P	Powys Teaching Health Board

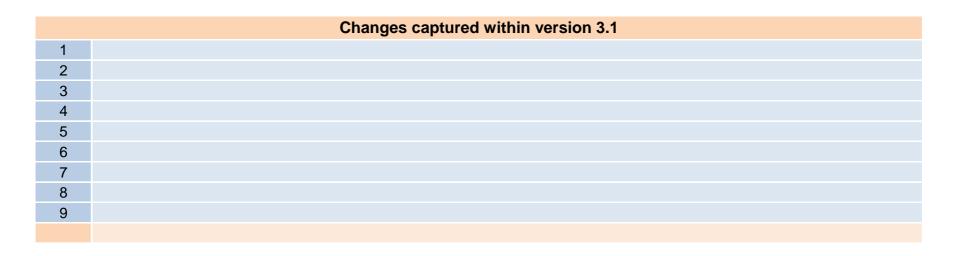








# Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust National Collaborative Commissioning: Quality and Delivery Framework Ambulance Quality Indicators



The information contained in this document is not restricted and is classified for general release

Produced by the Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust Health Informatics Department commissioned by the Emergency Ambulance Services Committee in accordance with the National Collaborative Commissioning: Quality and Delivery Framework